

## Auschwitz-Birkenau photographs

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[\[vid\] Holofoax Survivors who Tell the Truth](#) Music, films, postcards home, soccer teams.



'Arbeit macht Frei' (Work makes you free). A work camp.



Prisoners Orchestra Sunday concert for SS Auschwitz. USHMM (81216), courtesy of Instytut Pamięci Narodowej.<sup>1</sup>



Holes put in by Russians, turning a morgue into a 'gas chamber'.



Auschwitz personnel on holiday at Solahurette. They don't look like they spend their time gassing people.



[Dr. Josef Mengele](#), Richard Baer, Karl Hoecker, and Walter Schmidetski.  
Richard Baer, known as the last Commandant of Auschwitz



Dr. Josef Mengele, Rudolf Hoess and Josef Kramer



The photo above was taken while Mengele was home on leave, after spending 5 months at Auschwitz-Birkenau.

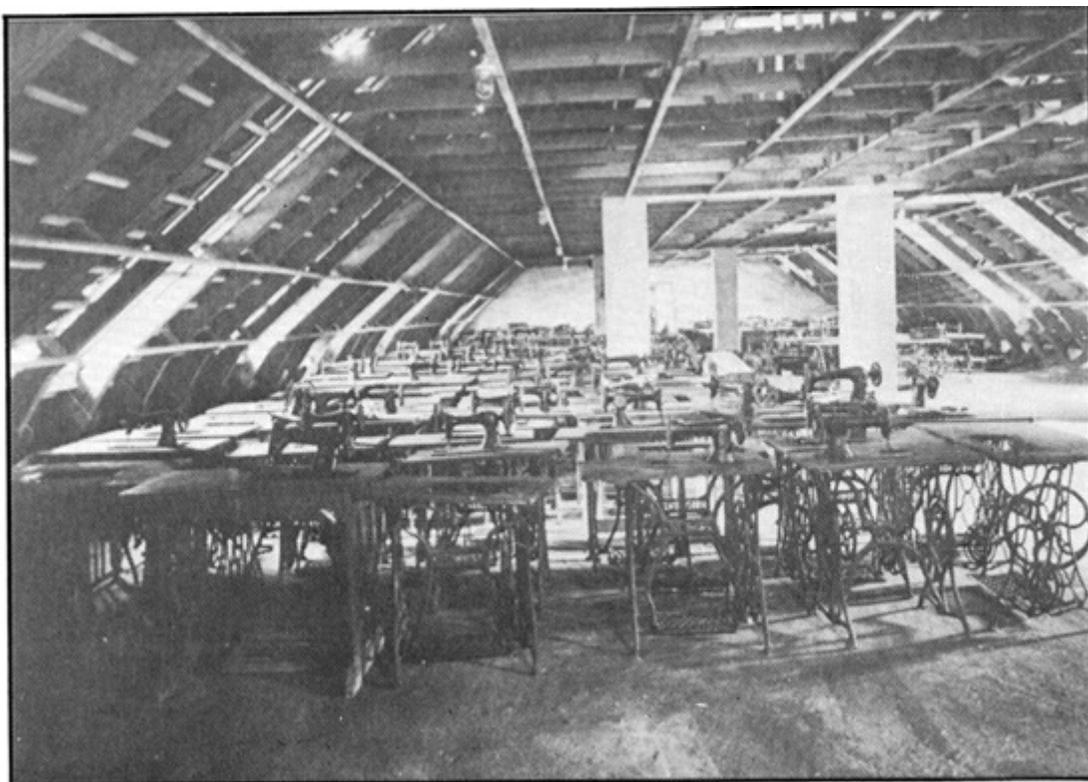




Some of the 5,800 Birkenau survivors, most of whom look like well-fed Polish peasants. The tall, skinny guy wearing an arm band is Dr. Otto Wolken, a medical doctor in the Birkenau Quarantine camp, who stayed behind to help his fellow prisoners when the Birkenau camp was

evacuated.

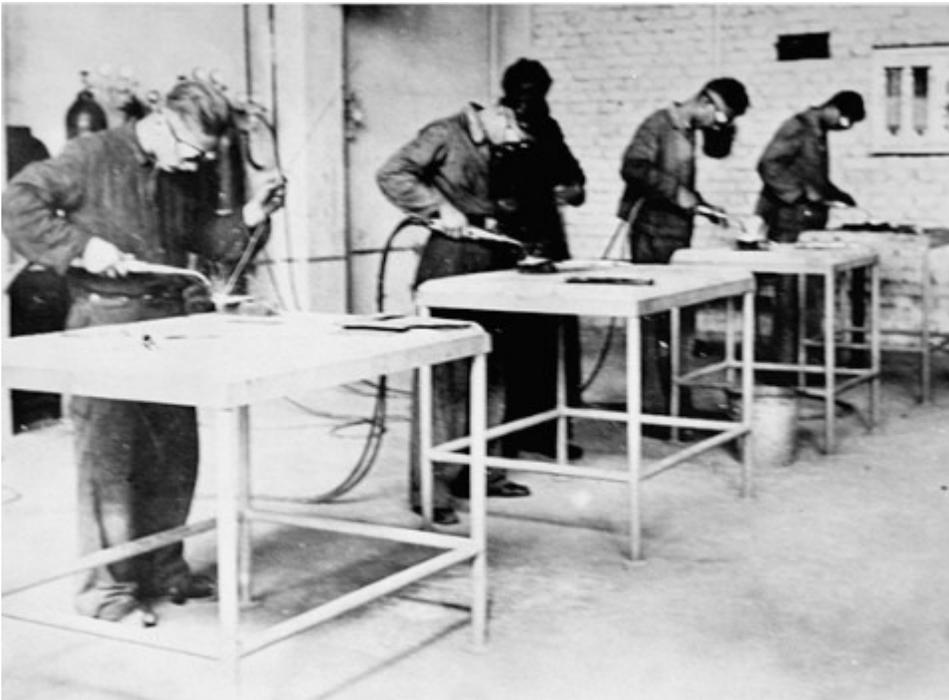
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(36) Garment workshop at Auschwitz. Jean-Claude Pressac claims that these sewing machines were brought along with them by women deportees. The innumerable photographs of the deportation show not one single woman carrying a sewing machine on her back. Pressac's interpretation is a perfect example of groundless and deliberate misinterpretation. <http://www.cwporter.com/bild2.htm>



Jewish prisoners working in the Siemens airplane factory at Bobrek sub-camp, an airplane factory called Siemens Schuckert Werke



Prisoners at work in Monowitz factory

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Soviet troops enter the concentration camp Auschwitz-Birkenau and rescue the people found there on January 27, 1945.



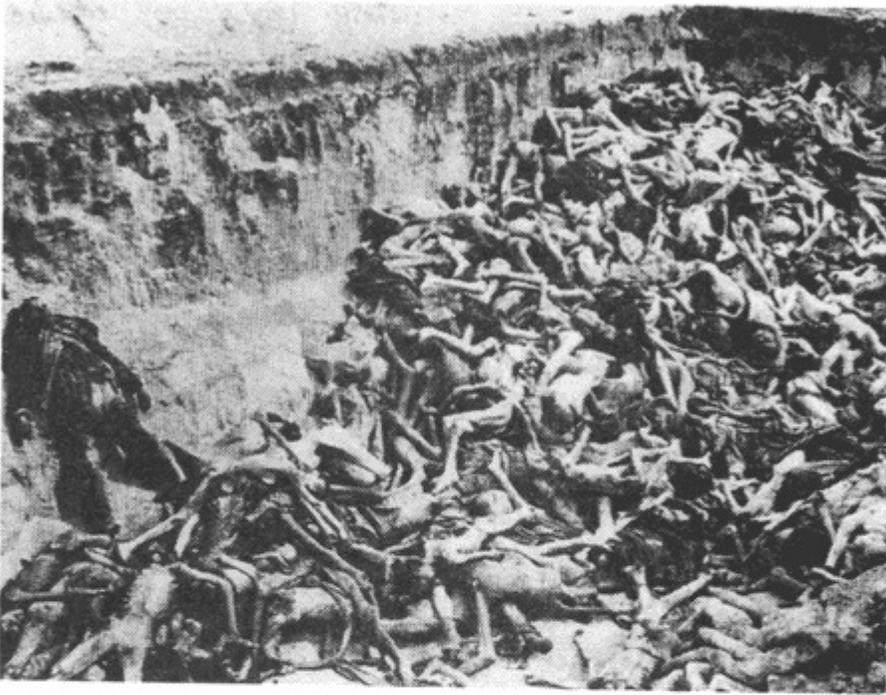
Prisoners in the Auschwitz concentration camp greet the Allied troops when they come to rescue them.



Healthy-looking children during the liberation of Auschwitz.



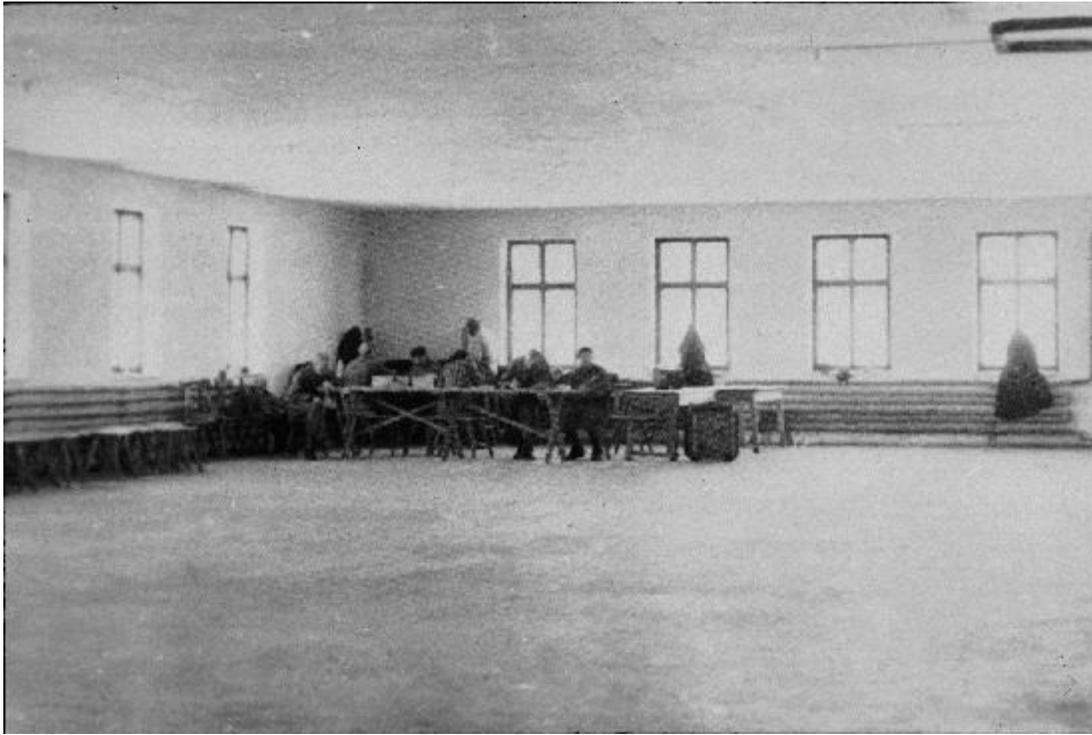
Photo of typhus victims, taken following the British occupation of the concentration camp [Bergen-Belsen](#) and published as 'victims of Auschwitz' in various periodicals, eg. Quick in 1979. [Do Photographs Prove the NS Extermination of the Jews?](#)



**Mass grave at Belsen camp, shortly after its liberation by British troops. Photographs such as this are widely reproduced as proof of a German policy of extermination. Contrary to Allied propaganda claims of the time, and Holocaust allegations in recent decades, though, these unfortunate prisoners were victims of typhus and starvation that were indirect consequences of the war — not of any deliberate policy. At least 14,000 Jews died in the camp following the British takeover.**



(51) Hot air disinfestation chamber in the central sauna at Birkenau. The claim was later made that the peepholes were proof of the existence of an execution gas chamber. That this is not the case, was later admitted by J.C. Pressac. <http://www.cwporter.com/bild2.htm>



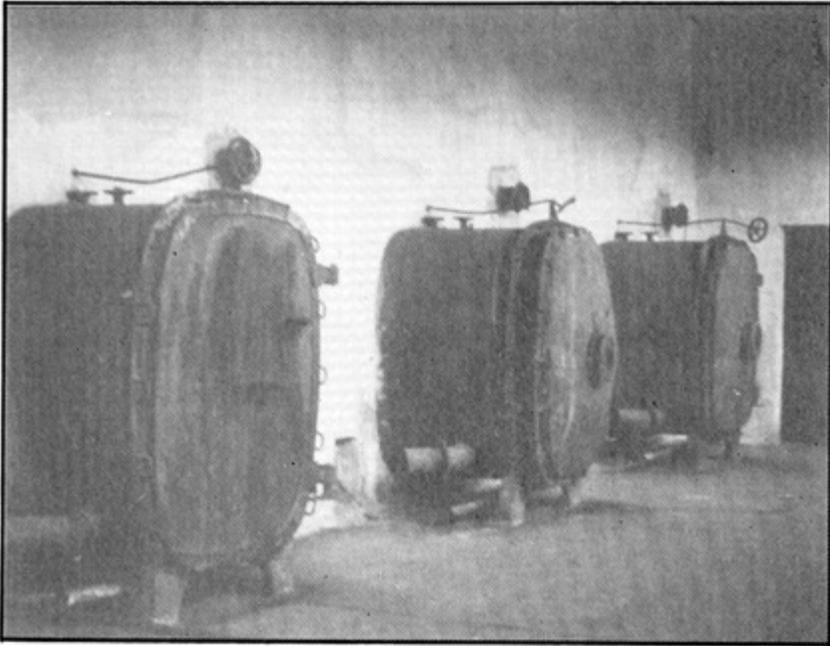
**Workers waiting for inmates inside Sauna building (photo: 1943)**



**Sauna where inmates enjoyed hot showers and haircuts and could leave their clothes for steam-cleaning to remove possible typhus-carrying-body-lice. (photo 1985)**



**Containers inside Sauna. After clothes were added and doors closed steam was introduced to kill body-lice. (photo: 1997)**



(52) The disinfestations installation at Birkenau (hot air system).



Hospital opposite 'gas chamber'? Absurd.







































Women selected as slave laborers. Lily Jacob is indicated with the arrow.